



Living Donor Satisfaction Survey validation and results among European Countries

EULID PROJECT

www.eulivingdonor.eu

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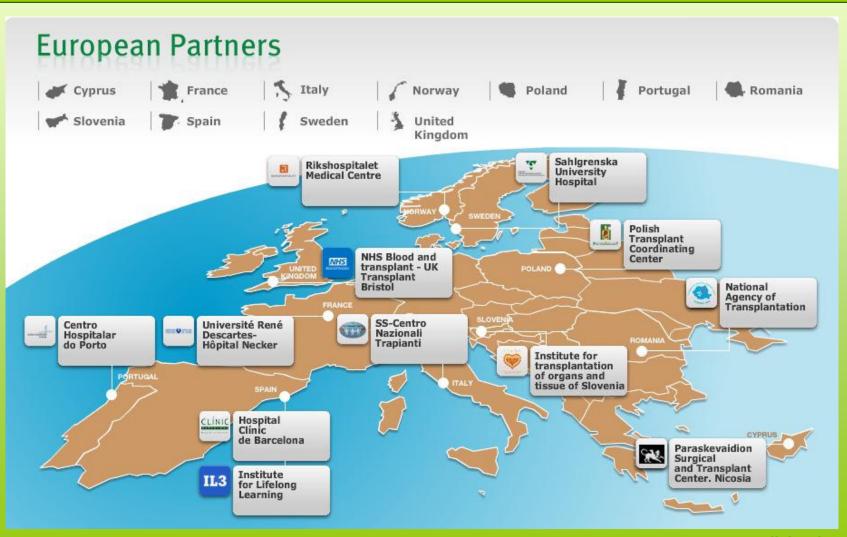


INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

- Title: European Living Donation and Public Health.
- Acronyms: EULID, EU-Living Donor.
- Web: www.eulivingdonor.eu
- Duration: 30 months. April 2007-Sep 2009.
- Grant proposed by the PHEA: acting under the powers delegated by the European Commission



INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND





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Living donor's opinion through a satisfaction survey can be one of the tools to monitor the quality and safety of the living donation programs and the key to detect all the potential negative consequences of becoming an living organ donor.



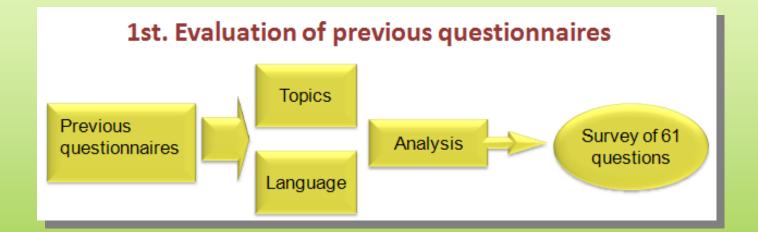
OBJECTIVE

To provide the scientific community a tool to homogeneously evaluate a critical point of the quality of living donation programs like the satisfaction of the donor with the process and the impact of this act in their lives.



MATERIALS & METHODS

SURVEY DESING

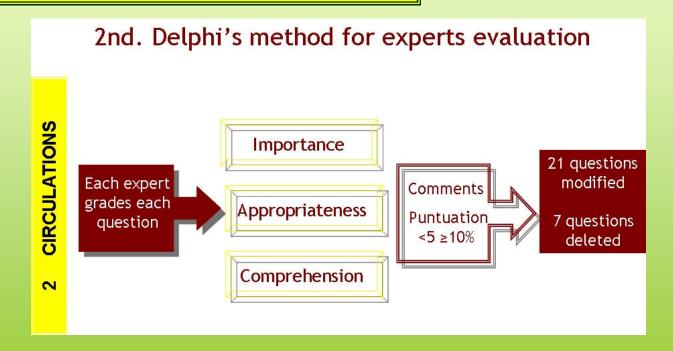


Multiple choice answers according to Likert scales



MATERIALS & METHODS

SURVEY VALIDATION



Pilot test of the survey with a LD sample

Definitive survey with 54 questions



This project is receiving co-funding from the European Union in the framework of the EU Health Programme 2003-2008

MATERIALS & METHODS



54 questions

Aspects to analyze

Validation based on Delphi methodology with experts and donors Quality of Life (SF-36)

Perception and acceptance of the donation process

Psychological well-being

Information received

Decision making

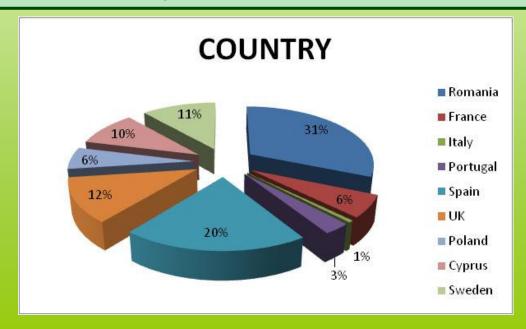
Impact evaluation:

- -Economical
- -Life opportunities
- -Work
- -Donor-recipient relationship



SURVEY PERFORMED

- 245 surveys have been performed among living donors in 9 countries were performed from March-December/2009
- Only those surveys performed between 6 and 18 months after donation were included, so that 166 were considered.





SURVEY PERFORMED



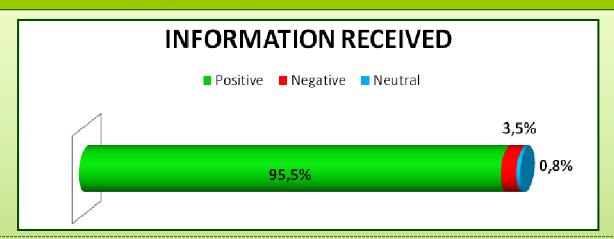


• Among the non-genetically related (49), the majority were spouses or partners (40) or friends (9).

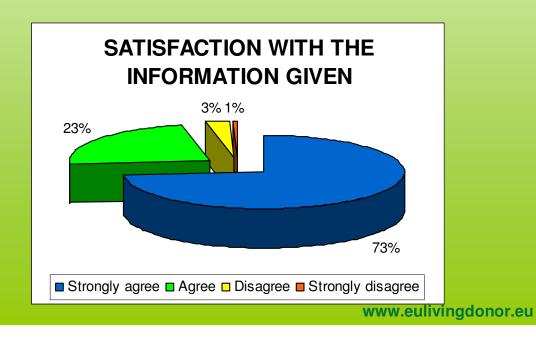


Information, perception and acceptance of the donation process

GENERAL EVALUATION



Information, perception and acceptance of the donation process

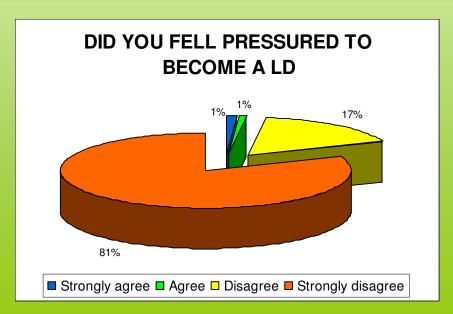




Decision making GENERAL EVALUATION

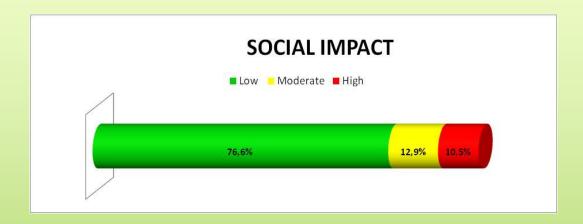


Decision making

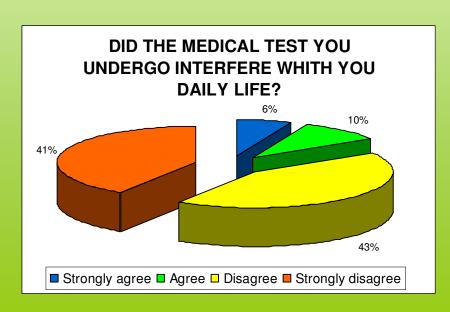




Social impact
GENERAL EVALUATION



Social impact



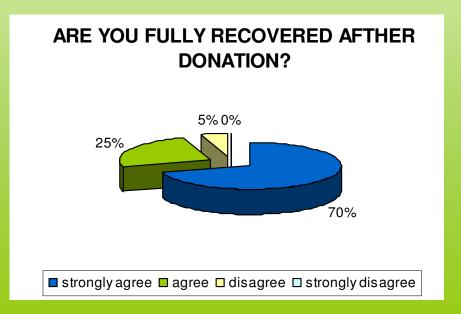


Quality of life

GENERAL EVALUATION



Quality of life



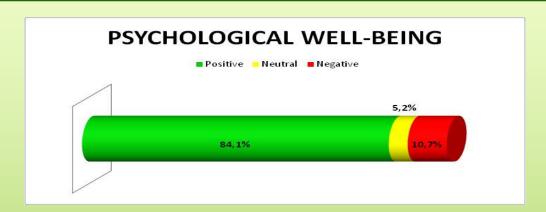


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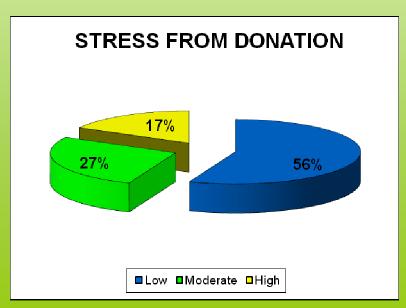
RESULTS

Psychological well-being

GENERAL EVALUATION



Psychological well-being





CONCLUSIONS

We present a validated living donor satisfaction survey that will allow to perform a mid-term and long-term LD follow-up.

Even results show that the procedure is safe and the impact on donors is minimum, the guard shouldn't be lowered since a small percentage has to deal with negative consequences, most of them avoidable, that the system should prevent.